

PERCHLOROETHYLENE DRY CLEANERS



COMPLIANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

	ANNUAL (INS1, INS2) RE-INSPECTION (FUI)		NT/DISCOVEF	` / _		
AIRS ID#: 0250918 DAT	ΓΕ: <u>2/10/2012</u>	ARRIVE: 10):45 AM	DEPART: <u>11:10AM</u>		
FACILITY NAME: SUF	PER CLEANERS					
FACILITY LOCATION	: 6101 SW 8 ST					
	MIAMI 33144-5004					
OWNER/AUTHORIZEI Email: CONTACT NAME: IS: Email: ENTITLEMENT PERIO		AEL ROJAS	Mobile:	: (305)264-0111 : (305)264-0111		
PART I: INSPECTION COMPLIANCE STATUS (check ☑ only one box) ☑ IN COMPLIANCE ☐ MINOR Non-COMPLIANCE ☐ SIGNIFICANT Non-COMPLIANCE						
A. 1. Existing small dry-to-dry only transfer only, both types, x < (constructed b 3. Existing large dry-to-dry only transfer only, 2	I area source y, $x < 140 \text{ gal/yr}$ $x < 200 \text{ gal/yr}$ $x < 140 \text{ gal/yr}$ $x < 140 \text{ gal/yr}$ efore $12/9/91$) area source y, $140 \le x \le 2,100 \text{ gal/yr}$ $200 \le x \le 1,800 \text{ gal/yr}$	dry-to-d transfer both typ (constru 4. New lar dry-to-d transfer	only, $200 \le x$) gal/yr al/yr (yr 12/9/91)		
(constructed b 5. Ineligible fo d rop store/out facility exceed B. The sum of the v	0 ≤ x ≤ 1,800 gal/yr pefore 12/9/91) or General Permit t of business/petroleum / ds above limits volume of all perchloroethylene (gwas 40.00 gallons.	(constru	es, $140 \le x \le$ cted on or after made in each o		dry	

PA	ART III: GENERAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC					only o		
1.	Is all perc, and wastes containing perc, in tightly sealed & impervious containers?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
2.	Are all perc. containers leak free ?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
3.	Are all machine doors kept closed and secured except during loading/unloading?	\boxtimes	Yes		No			
4.	Are cartridge filters d rained in their housing or in sealed containers for at least 24 hours prior to disposal?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
5.	Has each dry cleaning system installed after December 21, 2005 at an area source, routed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream contained within each dry cleaning machine through a refrigerated condenser and passed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream from inside the dry cleaning machine drum through a non-vented carbon adsorber or equivalent control device immediately before the door of the dry cleaning machine is opened? The carbon adsorber must be desorbed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.		Yes		No	\boxtimes	N/A	
6.	Is solvent-to-carbon ratios and steam pressure for carbon adsorber beds							
	maintain according to the manufacturer's specifications?		Yes		No	\boxtimes	N/A	
PΛ	ART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS - Rule 62-213.300 FAC							
	efer to Part II-A.14. Classification: page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u> , this form)							
	1. If the f acility classification is an existing small area source, no controls are required. Proceed to Part V.							
	2. If the facility classification is a new small area source , the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete section A. below.							
3. If the fa cility classification is an existing large area source , the machine should be equipped with either a refrigerated condenser or a carbon adsorber. Complete both sections A and B below. Carbon adsorber must have been installed prior to September 22, 1993								
	4. If the facility classification is a <u>new large area source</u> , the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete both sections A and B below.							
A.	Has the responsible official of all existing large area & new sources:					only o		
1.	Equipped all machines with the appropriate vent controls?		Yes		No			
2.	Equipped dry-to-dry machines with a closed-loop vapor venting system?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
3.	Equipped the condenser with a diverter valve so airflow will be directed away from the condenser upon opening the door?		Yes		No		N/A	
I 4	1 1 2							
4.	Measured and recorded the temperature of the outlet exhaust stream of a refrigerated condenser on a weekly basis?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
	Measured and recorded the temperature of the outlet exhaust stream of a		Yes Yes		No No		N/A	

PA	ART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)						
B. For all existing large or new large area sources:							
	Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry,						
	reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?		Yes		No		
2	Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured						
۷.	and recorded weekly?		Yes		No		N/A
	a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20° F?		Yes		No		N/A
,							
5.	Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly at the end of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber,						
	if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?		Yes		No		N/A
	a) Is the reservoir concentration could to conlegg than 100 mm?		Vac		Mo		NT/A
	a) Is the perc concentration equal to, or less than 100 ppm?	Ш	Yes	Ш	No	Ш	N/A
4.	Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring						
	perc concentrations at least 8 duct diameters downstream of any bend,						
	contraction, or expansion; is at least 2 duct diameters upstream from any bend, contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?		Yes		No		N/A
	contraction, of expansion, and do mistican from no other meet.		100	ш	110		11/12
5.	Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual		• •				37/4
11	condenser coils?	Ш	Yes	\Box	No		N/A
	condenser cons.						
6.			Yes		No		N/A
6.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes		No		N/A
6.			Yes		No		N/A
	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes		No		N/A
			(Ccheck	V	only o	one
	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		(•	V	only o	one
PA	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		(•	V	-	one
P A	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		(bo	•	☑ each o	-	one
1. 2.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		(bo	•	☑ each o	-	one
1. 2.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?	\boxtimes	(bo	•	☑ each o	-	one
1. 2.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?	\boxtimes	Yes Yes	•	Mo No	questic	one on)
1. 2.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?	\boxtimes	Yes Yes	•	Mo No	questic	one on)
1. 2. 3.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?	\boxtimes	Yes Yes Yes	ox for e	No No No	questic	one on)
1. 2. 3.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes Yes Yes		No No No No	questic	one on) N/A N/A
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	ART V: RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS – Rule 62-213.300(3) FAC Are receipts maintained for all perc purchased? ————————————————————————————————————		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No No No No No	questic	one on) N/A N/A N/A
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No No No No No No	questic	nne nn) N/A N/A N/A
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	ART V: RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS – Rule 62-213.300(3) FAC Are receipts maintained for all perc purchased? Are rolling monthly total s of yearly perc consumption maintained? Are leak detection inspection and repair reports maintained for the following: a) Of any leaks repaired w/in 24 hrs? or; b) Of any parts ordered to repair leak and leak repaired w/in 2 days and parts installed w/in 5 days of receipt? Is calibration data maintained for applicable direct reading instruments? Is exhaust duct monitoring data on perc concentrations maintained? Is a startup/shutdown/malfunction plan maintained for each machine? Are deviation reports maintained?		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No N	questic	nne nn) N/A N/A N/A N/A
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		No No No No No No No	questic	nne nn) N/A N/A N/A

PART VI: <u>LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC				only one
1.	What type of leak detection equipment is used to detect leaks?	b	ox for each	question)
	☐ Halogenated hydrocarbon detector ☐ PCE gas analyzer ☐ None used			
2.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer operated according to			
	the manufacturer's instructions (manual was available and RO could demonstrate			
	procedure) ?	Yes	☐ No	
3.	For major sources is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer			
	operated according to EPA Method 21 ?	Yes	☐ No	N/A
4.	Is the vapor leak inspection conducted by placing the probe inlet at the surface of			
	each component interface where leakage could occur and moving it slowly along			
	the interface periphery? $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Yes	☐ No	
5.	Is the PCE gas analyzer a flame ionization detector, photo ionization detector, or			
	infrared analyzer capable of detecting vapor concentrations of PCE of 25 parts per			
	million by volume (based on documented specifications) ?	Yes	☐ No	N/A
6.	Is the <u>halogenated hydrocarbon detector</u> capable of detecting vapor concentrations			
	of PCE of 25 parts per million by volume (based on documented specifications) and			
	indicating a concentration of 25 parts per million by volume or greater by emitting			
	an audible or visual signal that varies as the concentration changes?	Yes	☐ No	N/A
7.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected weekly for perceptible leaks (sight, sn	nell or	touch) whi	le the
	system is in operation (§63.322(k))?			
	(Inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for inspection of the properties	pection	of perceptib	le leaks)
	b) Door gaskets and seating Yes No N/A h) Stills S		No No No No No No	 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
8.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected monthly for vapor leaks using a halog	enated	l hydrocarb	on detector
	or PCE gas analyzer while the system is in operation? (Any inspection conducted according to this parag	graph s	hall satisfy th	ne
	requirements to conduct an inspection for perceptible leaks under §63.322(k) or (l))			
	b) Door gaskets and seating Yes No N/A h) Stills Yes No N/A i) Exhaust dampers	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No No No No	 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

PART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)						
9. What evidence suggests that leak checks are performed as required? ☐ Leak log documentation ☐ RO Assurances ☐ On-site observation ☐ other Explain other:						
MARUFUL MALIK	2/10/2012					
Inspector's Name (Please Print)	Date of Inspection					
	2/2013					
Inspector's Signature	Approximate Date of Next Inspection					

COMMENTS: On February 10, 2012 I visited this facility to conduct the annual compliance inspection. On site I met Ismael Rojas, the owner of the facility. No leaks were detected in the Dry Cleaning Machine. Perc purchase receipts and yearly perc consumption records were available. Halogen leak detector was available in working condition.